Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name o	of entity:		
Strano	dline Resources Limited		
ABN / A	ARBN:		Financial year ended:
32 090	0 603 642		30 June 2020
Our cor	porate governance statement ² for the a	bove period above can be for	und at:3
	These pages of our annual report:		
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	http://www.strandline.com.a	au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx
The Co		rate and up to date as at 23 S	eptember 2020 and has been approved by
The ani	nexure includes a key to where our corp	porate governance disclosure	s can be located.
Date:		23 September 2020	
Name lodger	of Director or Secretary authorising ment:	Flavio Garofalo – Compan	y Secretary
76	7		

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): in our Board Charter at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
1.5	 A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. 	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location] at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed		ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole e period above. We have disclosed4
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and the length of service of each director: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY				
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	 ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole period above. We have disclosed ⁴
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location] 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☒ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
	meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ at [insert location] □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable



STRANDLINE RESOURCES LIMITED

2020 Corporate Governance Statement



This statement outlines the Corporate Governance Practices adopted by the Board of Directors for the financial year ended 30 June 2020. This statement is current as at 23 September 2020 and has been approved by the Board. This statement explains how Strandline addresses the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations ("ASX Principles or Recommendations").

In addition to the information contained in this statement, the Company's website www.strandline.com.au has a dedicated corporate governance section which includes copies of key corporate governance policies adopted by the Company.

Where Strandline's corporate governance practices do not correlate with the ASX Principles and Recommendations, it is because the Board does not consider it practical to implement those recommendations due to the size and stage of development of Strandline's operations and the Board's reasoning for any departure is explained. As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope the implementation of additional corporate governance structures will be given further consideration.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1:

A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The primary responsibility of the Board is to represent and advance shareholders' interests and to protect the interests of all stakeholders. To fulfill this role the Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company including its strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals.

The responsibilities of the Board include:

- protection and enhancement of shareholder value;
- formulation, review and approval of the objectives and strategic direction of the Company;
- approving all significant business transactions including acquisitions, divestments and capital expenditure;
- monitoring the financial performance of the Company by reviewing and approving budgets and monitoring results;
- ensuring that adequate internal control systems and procedures exist and that compliance with these systems and procedures is maintained;
- the identification of significant business risks and ensuring that such risks are adequately managed;
- the review and performance and remuneration of Executive Directors and key staff;
- the establishment and maintenance of appropriate ethical standards; and
- evaluating and, where appropriate, adopting with or without modification, the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Board has established functions that are reserved for the Board, as separate from those functions discharged by the Managing Director and senior executives, and they are summarised in the Company's Board Charter which is available on the Company's website http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx



Recommendation 1.2:

A listed entity should:

- (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and
- (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The Board oversees arrangements for the effective appointment of new Directors. When considering the appointment of a new Director, the Board may engage the services of an executive recruitment firm to assist identify suitable candidates to be shortlisted for consideration for appointment to the Board and to carry out appropriate reference checks before the Board makes an offer to a preferred candidate.

Newly appointed directors must stand for reappointment at the next subsequent AGM. The Notice of Meeting for the AGM provides shareholders with information about each Director standing for election or re-election including details of relevant skills and experience.

Recommendation 1.3:

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

New Directors consent to act as a director and receive a formal letter of appointment which sets out duties and responsibilities, rights, and remuneration entitlements.

Each Executive is employed under a Service Agreement which sets out the terms on which the Executive is employed including details of the Executive's duties and responsibilities, rights, and remuneration entitlements. The Service Agreement also sets out the circumstances in which the employment of the Executive may be terminated by either the Company or the Executive, including details of the notice periods required to be given by either party, or the amounts payable to the Executive as a consequence of the termination by the Company of the Executive's employment.

Recommendation 1.4:

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

Strandline's Company Secretary has a direct reporting line and is accountable to the Chair of the Board for all company secretarial duties or conduct of the Board.

Recommendation 1.5:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - (3) either:



- (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
- (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.

The Company's policy regarding equal employment opportunity and diversity is set out on the Company's website http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx

The Company's Equal Employment Opportunity and Diversity Policy does not include measureable objectives as the Board believes that the Company will not be able to successfully meet these given the size and stage of development of the Company.

Given the size of the Company the Directors do not consider it appropriate to set measurable objectives in relation to diversity. Notwithstanding this the Company strives to provide the best possible opportunities for current and prospective employees of all backgrounds in such a manner that best adds to overall shareholder value and which reflects the values, principles and spirit of the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity and Diversity Policy.

For the 2020 financial year, the Company had a total of 2 women employees out of a total of 12 employees and contractors, however, the Company had no women in senior executive positions or women on the Board.

Recommendation 1.6:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with

that process during or in respect of that period.

The Company's Board Charter sets out the process to undertake an annual performance evaluation of the Board which includes comparing the performance of the Board with the requirements of its Charter.

For the 2020 financial year the Board undertook a self-assessment process on the performance of the Board and individual directors.

Recommendation 1.7:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The performance of the Company's Managing Director/CEO and senior executives for the 2020 financial year was reviewed by the Remuneration Committee. Performance evaluation is carried out on a continuing and informal basis.



Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value

Recommendation 2.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and
 - (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

Given the Company's size and the complexity of its affairs, it is not considered necessary to have a separate Nomination Committee. The Board as a whole will identify candidates and assess their skills in deciding whether an individual has the potential to add value to the Company. The Board may also seek independent advice to assist with the identification process.

In selecting and appointing new Directors the Board undertakes a proper assessment of prospective Directors which includes, but is not limited to, their relevant experience and achievements, compatibility with other Board members, credibility within the Company's scope of activities, and intellectual and physical ability to undertake Board duties and responsibilities.

Recommendation 2.2:

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

For the 2020 financial year the Board did not have a skills matrix setting out the skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is seeking to achieve in its membership. The Board is satisfied that it has an appropriate mix of skills for strategic decision-making and effective oversight in relation to the Company's mineral sands exploration and development activities in Australia and in Tanzania. The skills, experience and expertise of each director is set out in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.3:

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- (b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
- (c) the length of service of each director.

Strandline considers a Director to be independent where they are free of any interest, position, association or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect his or her capacity



to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interest of the entity and its security holders generally.

The Board has adopted a definition of independence based on that set out in Recommendation 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations. The Board will review the independence of each Director in light of interests disclosed to the Board from time to time.

Details of the Board of Directors as at the date of this statement, their appointment date and independence status is as follows:

Director	Appointment Date	Independent Status
Didier Murcia	23 October 2014	Independent Non-Executive Chairman
Luke Edward Graham	19 September 2016	Non-Independent Managing Director/CEO
Peter Richard Watson	10 September 2018	Non-Independent Executive Director
Ernest Thomas Eadie	9 October 2015	Independent Non-Executive Director
John Russell Hodder	8 June 2016	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director
Mark Hancock	11 August 2020	Independent Non-Executive Director

The Board has determined that Mr Murcia, Mr Hancock and Mr Eadie are considered to be independent as they are not members of management and there is no relationship affecting that status. They are not substantial shareholders, past or present employees within the past three years, professional advisers, consultants, suppliers or customers with or to the Company, nor do they have any contractual relationship with the Company other than as a Director.

The Board has determined that Mr Graham (Managing Director/CEO) and Mr Peter Watson (Executive Director) are not considered to be independent.

Mr Hodder is the nominated representative of Ndovu Capital VII B.V. (Ndovu). Ndovu is the Company's largest shareholder holding 30.68% of the issued capital. In accordance with Recommendation 2.3, the Board is of the view that Mr Hodder is not an independent director as he is the representative of a substantial shareholder as defined in the Corporations Act 2001.

Recommendation 2.4:

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

The Board at the date of this statement does not consist of a majority of independent directors. The composition of the Board is presently six Directors, four of whom are Non-Executive and two are Executive Directors. Of the six Directors, three are independent and three are non-independent.

The Board considers that the composition of the existing Board is appropriate given the scope and size of the Company's operations and the skills and experience of the existing Board members. Appropriate mechanisms are in place to avoid perceived or actual conflicts of interest.

Recommendation 2.5:

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not the same person as the CEO of the entity.

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The role of the Chairman is undertaken by Mr Didier Murcia, an independent Non-Executive Director. The role of the Managing Director is undertaken by Mr Luke Graham.

Recommendation 2.6:

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

The Company does not have a formalised induction or development program for new directors. Directors are assisted by fellow directors and senior management to maintain and develop their skills and knowledge in relation to corporate governance policies and the business sectors in which the company operates in.

All directors have direct access to the entire senior management team, including the company secretary, and are provided with information on a timely basis. The skills and knowledge of non-executive directors is also developed and maintained by their directorships with other public and private companies.

Principle 3: Instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1:

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

The Company's core values (being Integrity, Excellence,, Respect, Courage and Trust) are guiding principles that define internal conduct and relationships with the external operating environment. Strandline's core values are detailed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.2:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

The Company has established a formal Code of Conduct to guide the Directors, the Managing Director and employees with respect to the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity, the practices necessary to take into account legal obligations and reasonable expectations of stakeholders, and the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices. The Code of Conduct is disclosed on the Company's website http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx

Recommendation 3.3:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

The Company has also established a Whistleblower Policy which is disclosed on the Company's website http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx.



The Policy is aligned to Strandline's value of Integrity and the belief in speaking out against something that is wrong. The Policy affirms the Company's responsibility and commitment to full compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Recommendation 3.4:

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

The Company has established an Anti-Bribery Policy which can be viewed on its website. Aligned to Strandline's value of Integrity and is in accordance with the Company's Code of Conduct, this Policy affirms the Company's responsibility and commitment to full compliance with applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption laws and the provision of assistance to the relevant authorities to detect and prevent criminal activity.

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non- executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Board established an Audit & Risk Committee during the 2018 financial year. The Committee members consist of Mr Eadie, Mr Hancock and Mr Hodder. The composition of the Committee meets the requirement of Recommendation 4.1 to consist of at least three members. The Board considers that the membership of the Committee consists of the most appropriately qualified directors to sit on the Committee. The Board of Strandline previously carried out all necessary audit committee functions which includes reviewing the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Committee meets on a regular basis and discusses matters normally captured under the terms of reference of an audit committee, being company risk, controls and general and specific financial matters.

Recommendation 4.2:

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.



Both the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer make a statement to the Board prior to approval of the annual and half-yearly accounts, and also in regards to the quarterly Appendix 5B report, that in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Recommendation 4.3:

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

The external auditor attends Strandline's Annual General Meeting. Shareholders are given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to ask the auditor questions relevant to the conduct of the audit, the Independent Audit Report, the accounting policies adopted by Strandline and the independence of the auditor.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1:

A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

The Company has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance.

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is publicly available on the Company's website http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx

Recommendation 5.2:

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

The Company has established a process whereby all directors receive notification of all announcements immediately upon release to the market.

Recommendation 5.3:

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

The Company releases copies of its presentation materials via the market announcements platform ahead of presentations.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of shareholders

Recommendation 6.1:

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.



Strandline's website at www.strandline.com.au provides detailed information on the Company, including its background, objectives, projects, contact details and all key corporate policies and statements. ASX announcements, Company Reports and presentations are uploaded to the website following release to the ASX.

Recommendation 6.2:

A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and stakeholders and seeks to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights by promoting effective proactive communication and encouraging shareholder participation at annual general meetings. Shareholder feedback through our website and third-party sites provide the opportunity to address questions to the company. Appropriate measures are also taken to keep shareholders informed about the Company's activities and to listen to issues or concerns raised by shareholders. The Company has established a Shareholder Communications Policy which is available on Strandline's website at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx

Fundamental to Strandline's investor relations program is the management of its continuous disclosure obligations which facilitates all shareholders having access to important company information. In addition to lodging this information with the ASX, Strandline uses its website to make available to shareholders information about the company and its activities.

Shareholders can also register with the Company to receive e-mail notifications of when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is posted.

Recommendation 6.3:

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

The Board encourages the attendance of Shareholders at Shareholders' meetings and sets the time and location of each meeting to promote the Company's investor relations program.

As many directors as possible seek to attend shareholder meetings, so as to be available to provide input on specific shareholder queries that may be put to the board. Where it is not possible for a director to attend shareholder meetings in person, the Company makes use of technology to enable those directors to attend meetings via video or tele conference facilities.

The Chair also encourages shareholders at the meeting to ask questions and make comments about Strandline's operations. The Chair may respond directly to questions or at his discretion may refer a question to another Director, the Managing Director or a senior executive.

Recommendation 6.4:

A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

Shareholders have the option of electing to receive all shareholder communications by e-mail. Strandline provides a printed copy of the Annual Report to only those shareholders who have specifically elected to receive a printed copy.

All announcements made to the ASX are available to shareholders by e-mail notification when a shareholder provides the Company with an e-mail address and elects to be notified of all Strandline ASX announcements.



The Strandline Share Register is managed and maintained by Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited. Shareholders can access their shareholding details or make enquiries about their current shareholding electronically by quoting their Shareholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN), via the Computershare investor centre at: https://www-au.computershare.com/Investor

Recommendation 6.5:

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

The Company encourages the use of electronic communication and offers Security Holders the option to receive and send electronic communication to the Company and its share registry where possible.

The Annual Report is made available to shareholders and other stakeholders in a timely manner in both print and on-line versions. The Company's financial reports and presentations can be freely downloaded from the Company's website.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and
 - (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees

that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The Board has an Audit & Risk Committee which was established during the 2018 financial year. The Committee members consist of Mr Eadie, Mr Hancock and Mr Hodder. The composition of the Committee meets the requirement of Recommendation 7.1 to consist of at least three members. The Board considers that the membership of the Committee consists of the most appropriately qualified directors to sit on the Committee. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing and approving policies for the management and oversight of material business risks, internal compliance, and internal controls. The objectives of Strandline's risk management program are contained in the Risk Management Policy which is available on the Company's website at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx

The Company has in place a system of risk management that identifies and categorises and manages material business risks faced by the Company.

The Board has delegated responsibility for establishing and maintaining effective management strategies for material business risks to the Managing Director. The Board requires that the Managing Director reports regularly as to the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems.

The Board recognises that no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The Board reviews the business and financial risk management systems and internal control systems implemented by management to obtain reasonable assurance that the entity's assets are safeguarded and that the reliability and integrity of its financial information is maintained.



Recommendation 7.2:

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

The Company's risk management framework was reviewed during the year by the full Board. In addition, the Board and senior management discuss on an ongoing informal basis the risks facing the company, acceptable levels of risk and the measures for managing risks.

Recommendation 7.3:

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.

The Company does not have an internal audit function due to its size and stage of development of Strandline's operations. The Board believes that the external financial audits and the Board's and management regular reviews of risk management and internal control processes are sufficient for a company of this size.

Recommendation 7.4:

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Company has exposure to the following risks:

- Equity Capital Markets the Company is without a cash flow and is reliant upon the existing shareholders and equity capital markets to fund the company's activities. The Company maintains close control on its finances and communicates frequently to its shareholders and the market as to the Company's strategy to manage this risk.
- Commodity price the company, like all resource companies, is exposed to commodity price volatility. At this stage (pre-development) the company's risk exposure in this area is at its lowest.
- Environmental risks at the present stage of pre-project development the Company is exposed to few environmental risks. The Company has an Environmental Policy and an active Risk/Hazard identification programme at its operating sites.
- Social sustainability risks also at this present stage of pre-project development the Company is exposed to
 few social and sustainability risks. The Company maintains close awareness of its social responsibilities and to
 this end in Tanzania, it maintains regular personal contact between Strandline personnel and representatives of
 the local community and regional administration. At this stage of project pre-development the Company uses
 these contact sessions to manage local expectations of employment and community development in particular.



Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1:

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and
 - (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The Board has a Remuneration Committee which was established during the 2018 financial year. The Committee members consist of Mr Murcia and Mr Hodder. The composition of the Committee does not meet the requirement of Recommendation 8.1 to consist of at least three members.

The Board considers that the membership of the Committee consists of the most appropriately qualified directors to sit on the Committee. The Board of Strandline previously carried out any necessary remuneration committee functions.

Recommendation 8.2:

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Strandline's remuneration structure distinguishes between Non-Executive Directors and that of the Managing Director and senior executives. Full details of the Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of executive and non-executive directors and other senior executives are disclosed in the Company's Annual Financial Report.

Recommendation 8.3:

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

In accordance with the Company's Share Trading Policy which is available on the Company's website at http://www.strandline.com.au/irm/content/corporate-governance.aspx all participants in equity based incentive plans are prohibited from entering into transactions which limit the risk of participating in unvested entitlements in Strandline shares.

Approved by:	Luke Graham	Approval Date:	23 September 2020
Position:	Managing Director	Review Date:	23 September 2020