## **Gunson Resources Limited**

ABN 32 090 603 642

Annual Financial Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

# Annual financial report for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

		Page
Corpo	orate Directory	1
Direct	tors' report	2
Audit	ors' independence declaration	9
Indep	pendent auditors' report	10
Direct	tors' declaration	12
Incom	ne statement	13
	ice sheet	14
	ment of changes in equity	15
	flow statement	16
	s to the financial statements	10
notes	s to the financial statements	
1	General information	17
2	Significant accounting policies	17
3	Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty	21
4	Segment information	22
5	Revenue	22
6	Loss for the year	22
7	Income taxes	22
8	Trade and other receivables	23
9	Other assets	23
10	Property, plant and equipment	23
11	Exploration, evaluation and development	23
12	Trade and other payables	23
13	Provisions	23
14	Issued capital	24
15	Reserves	24
16	Loss per share	25
17	Commitments for expenditure	25
18	Contingent liabilities	25
19	Notes to the cash flow statement	26
20	Financial instruments	26
21	Share based payments	29
22	Related party transactions	30
23	Remuneration of auditors	31
24	Subsequent events	31

#### **CORPORATE DIRECTORY**

#### **Directors**

W H Cunningham (Chairman)
D N Harley (Managing Director)
P C Harley (Non-Executive Director)

#### **Company Secretary**

I E Gregory

#### **Registered and Principal Office**

Level 2, 33 Richardson Street West Perth, WA 6005 Tel: (61 8) 9226 3130 Fax: (61 8) 9226 3136

Email: enquiries@gunson.com.au

#### **Postal Address**

PO Box 1217 West Perth, WA 6872

#### <u>Website</u>

www.gunson.com.au

#### **Country of Incorporation**

Gunson Resources Limited is domiciled and incorporated in Australia

#### **Auditors**

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street Subiaco, WA 6008

#### **Share Registry**

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 2, Reserve Bank Building 45 St Georges Terrace, Perth, WA 6000 Tel: (61 8) 9323 2000 Fax: (61 8) 9323 2033

### Home Stock Exchange

Australian Securities Exchange Limited Level 2 Exchange Plaza 2 The Esplanade Perth, WA 6000 ASX Code: GUN

#### **Directors' report**

The Directors of Gunson Resources Limited submit herewith the annual financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors report as follows:

#### Information about Directors and senior management

The names and particulars of the Directors of the Company during or since the end of the financial year are:

#### William H Cunningham B.Com. (Non-Executive Chairman) Age 69

Bill Cunningham is a consultant in mineral commodities marketing with over 40 years experience in the mining industry, mainly with WMC Resources Limited and CRA Limited. Prior to leaving WMC in 1997, he was manager for that Company's Nickel Division intermediate products marketing. Since 1997, he has managed his own mineral marketing consultancy.

Mr Cunningham is Chairman of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

During the past 3 years Mr Cunningham has not held Directorships in other listed companies.

#### David N Harley BSc (Hons) MSc., F. Aus. I.M.M. (Managing Director) Age 61

David Harley is a geologist with over 35 years experience in the mining industry, mostly in senior exploration management positions with WMC Resources Limited. He is the immediate past President of the Association of Mining and Exploration Companies, AMEC.

During the past 3 years Mr Harley has not held Directorships in other listed companies.

#### Peter C Harley B.Com., F.C.P.A (Non-Executive Director) Age 58

Peter Harley is an experienced manager and Director with over 25 years association with a number of public and private companies. Peter has been a non-executive Director of Perilya Ltd since November 2003. He was non executive Chairman of Blaze International Ltd until May 2007 and non executive Chairman of iiNet Ltd until November 2007.

Mr Harley is Chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

The above named Directors held office during the whole of the financial year and up until the date of this report.

#### Directors' shareholdings

The following table sets out each Director's relevant interest in shares and rights or options in shares of the Company as at the date of this report.

Directors	Fully paid ordinary shares Number	Share options Number
William Cunningham	268,653	-
David Harley	2,600,000	2,000,000
Peter Harley	287,353	-

#### Remuneration of Directors and senior management

Information about the remuneration of Directors and senior management is set out in the remuneration report of this Directors' report.

#### Company secretary

#### Ian E Gregory, B.Bus, F.C.P.A, F.C.I.S Age 53

Mr Gregory is an experienced Company secretary who worked as full time Secretary of Iluka Resources Limited from March 1999 to December 2004. He is the immediate past Chairman of the WA State Council of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the Company during the course of the financial year was mineral exploration in Australia.

#### **Results of operations**

The Company made a loss after tax of \$405,699 (2007: \$1,068,921 loss).

No dividends were paid or declared and the Directors have not recommended the payment of a dividend.

#### Review of operations

During the year, the Company continued with exploration on its mineral tenements, with lesser emphasis on the Coburn Zircon Project than previously due to completion of most aspects of the Definitive Feasibility Study in 2007. Focus at Coburn was on negotiations with Chinese company CTIEC for their proposed investment in the Project and assisting them with providing a fixed price "turnkey" construction proposal. This proposal was delivered on 1st August 2008 and negotiations with CTIEC are continuing.

In April 2008, a feasibility study commenced on the MG14 copper deposit at Mount Gunson, which has a JORC compliant Indicated Resource of 1.1 million tonnes grading 1.7% copper. The deposit lies only 25 metres below the surface and the study should be completed in early 2009.

Encouraging nickel-copper sulphide exploration targets have been defined from airborne geophysical data collected over the Burkin and Fowler's Bay projects and a drilling program for copper-gold at Tennant Creek scheduled for late 2008 was approved by Northern Territory Government regulators.

Total exploration expenditure for the financial year was \$1,972,962 (2007: \$4,127,314).

#### Changes in state of affairs

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company.

#### Subsequent events

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

#### **Future developments**

Likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report as the Directors believe, on reasonable grounds, that the inclusion of such information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

#### **Environmental regulations**

Procedures are adopted for each exploration program to ensure that environmental conditions of the Company's tenements are met. In June, 2008 the Western Australian Department of Industry and Resources (DoIR) advised the Company that in the Department's opinion, the Company had conducted ground disturbing activities during a drilling program in 2007 that had breached its tenement conditions. In response, the Company has advised DoIR that it disputes the Department's view and it is expected that the matter will be resolved in 2008/2009.

#### Share options

#### Shares under option

Details of unissued shares or interests under option as at the date of this report are:

	Number of		Exercise price	
Issuing entity	shares under option	Class of shares	of option	Expiry date of options
Gunson Resources Limited	1,800,000	Ordinary	30 cents each	30 November 2010
Gunson Resources Limited	1,800,000	Ordinary	35 cents each	30 November 2010
<b>Gunson Resources Limited</b>	400,000	Ordinary	35 cents each	4 May 2012
Gunson Resources Limited	400,000	Ordinary	40 cents each	4 May 2012
_	4,400,000			

The holders of these options do not have the right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue or interest issue of any other body corporate or registered scheme.

Share options are unlisted options, carrying no rights to dividends and no voting rights.

#### Share options that expired/lapsed

During and since the end of the financial year 100,000 options expired on 16 December 2007 (2007: nil).

#### Shares issued on the exercise of options

No share or interests were issued during and since the end of the financial year as a result of exercise of an option.

#### Indemnification of officers and auditors

The Company has arranged Directors' and Officers' Insurance to indemnify all current officers of the Company against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position with the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The Company has paid insurance premiums in respect of Directors' and Officers' liability and legal expenses insurance contracts as described above. Under confidentiality arrangements with the Insurer the amount of the premium can not be disclosed.

The Company has made an agreement to provide access, indemnity and insurance for all the directors and executive officers for any breach of duty as a director or executive officer by the Company, for which they may be held personally liable. The agreement provides for the Company to pay insurance premiums and legal costs where:

- a) the liability does not arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith; or
- b) the liability is for costs and expenses incurred by the director or officer in defending proceedings in which judgement is given in their favour or in which they are acquitted.

#### **Directors' meetings**

The following table sets out the number of Directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of Directors) held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each Director (while they were a Director or committee member). During the financial year, 11 board meetings and 1 audit committee meeting were held. The nomination and remuneration committee did not formally meet.

	Board of Directors		Audit Committee	
L.	Eligible to		Eligible to	
Directors	attend	Attended	attend	Attended
William Cunningham	11	11	1	1
David Harley	11	11	-	-
Peter Harley	11	11	1	1

#### Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

#### Non-audit services

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance WA Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

There were no non-audit services performed during the year by the auditors (or by another person or firm on the auditors' behalf).

#### Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration is included on page 9 of this report.

#### Remuneration report

This remuneration report, which forms part of the Directors' report, sets out information about the remuneration of Gunson Resources Limited's key management personnel for the financial year ended 30 June 2008. The information provided in the Remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

The prescribed details for each person covered by this report are detailed below under the following headings:

- key management personnel details;
- · remuneration policy and relationship between the remuneration policy and company performance;
- · remuneration of key management personnel; and
- key terms of employment contracts.

#### Key management personnel details

The key management personnel of Gunson Resources Limited during the year or since the end of the year were:

- William H Cunningham (Non-Executive Chairman)
- · David N Harley (Managing Director)
- Peter C Harley (Non-Executive Director)
- Ian E Gregory (Company Secretary)
- Alan F Luscombe (General Manager)
- Todd B Colton (Project Manager)

Included in key management personnel above are the highest remunerated executives of the Company.

#### Remuneration policy and relationship between the remuneration policy and company performance

#### Remuneration Policy

The executive Directors and executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. At times, some individuals have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to Directors and executives is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Boards policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The remuneration committee determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to performance of the Company. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

The Board of Directors is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Directors and the executive team. The Board assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of emoluments of such officers on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions, with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team.

#### - Performance Based Remuneration

The Board seeks to align the interests of shareholders and the executive Director through a performance related incentive package. Accordingly, the Managing Director, David Harley, has been granted a remuneration package that contains a \$100,000 cash bonus payable on the date that the Company announces its formal decision to proceed with a mine development on the Coburn Project. At the date of this report, no such decision had been made.

#### - Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth and Director/Executive Remuneration

Share based payments are granted at the discretion of the Board to align the interests of shareholders and the Executive Director and other staff and key consultants. During the current financial year, 800,000 options were granted (2007: nil).

Due to the stage of the Company's development, no link between remuneration and financial performance currently exists. Details of the Company's indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years are as follows:

	2008 AIFRS	2007 AIFRS	2006 AIFRS	2005 AIFRS	2004 AGAAP
Revenue	\$231,057	\$172,005	\$76,156	\$128,294	\$119,496
Net loss	\$405,699	\$1,068,921	\$1,215,691	\$142,797	\$489,486
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-
Share price	\$0.11	\$0.28	\$0.32	\$0.20	\$0.22
Change in share price \$	(\$0.17)	(\$0.04)	\$0.12	(\$0.02)	\$0.11
Change in share price %	(61%)	(12%)	60%	(9%)	100%

#### Non-Executive Directors remuneration policy

The Company's non-executive Directors receive only fees (including statutory superannuation) for their services and the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. The fees paid to the Company's non-executive Directors reflect the demands on, and responsibilities of these Directors. They do not receive any retirement benefits, other than compulsory superannuation. The Board decides annually the level of fees to be paid to non-executive Directors with reference to market standards.

Non-executive Directors may also receive share options where this is considered appropriate by the Board as a whole and with regard to the stage of the Company's development. Such options would vest across the life of the option and would be primarily designed to provide an incentive to non-executive Directors to remain with the Company.

#### Remuneration of key management personnel

			ployee benefits		Post- employ- ment	Other long-	Share-based		% of
_	Salary & fees	Bonus	Non- monetary	Other	benefits Super- annuation	term employee benefits	payment Options	Total	compensation that consists of options
	\$	\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u></u> %_
2008									
<u>Directors</u>									
W H Cunningham	40,000	-	-	-	3,600	-	-	43,600	-
D Harley	275,000	-	-	-	24,750	-	-	299,750	-
P C Harley	30,000	-	-	-	2,700	-	-	32,700	-
<u>Executives</u>									
I E Gregory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T B Colton	210,000	-	-	-	18,900	-	171,122	400,022	43%
A F Luscombe	174,230	-	-	-	-	-	-	174,230	-
	729,230	-	-	-	49,950	-	171,122	950,302	43%
2007									
Directors									
W H Cunningham	40,000	-	-	-	3,600	-	-	43,600	-
D Harley	275,000	-	-	-	24,750	-	220,244	519,994	42%
P C Harley	30,000	-	-	-	2,700	-	-	32,700	-
Executives									
I E Gregory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	345,000	-	-	-	31,050	-	220,244	596,294	42%

There are no performance conditions attached to remuneration paid during the current or previous financial year.

#### - Share Based Compensation

During the financial year the following share based payment arrangements for key management personnel were in existence:

Incentive options issued to Directors (executive and non-executive) are subject to approval by shareholders and attach vesting conditions as appropriate.

The terms and conditions of each grant of options affecting remuneration in the previous, this or future reporting periods are as follows:

Grant Date	Date vested and exercisable	Expiry date	Exercise price	Value per option at grant date
1 December 2005	1 June 2007	30 November 2010	30 cents each	\$0.18
1 December 2005	1 June 2007	30 November 2010	35 cents each	\$0.18
5 May 2007	9 August 2008	4 May 2012	35 cents each	\$0.24
5 May 2007	9 August 2008	4 May 2012	40 cents each	\$0.23

Share options are unlisted options, carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights.

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company provided as remuneration to each Director is set out below. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share of Gunson Resources Limited.

	Number of options granted during the year		Number of options vested during the year		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Directors					
W H Cunningham	-	-	-	-	
D N Harley	-	-	-	2,000,000	
P C Harley	-	-	-	-	
Executives					
I E Gregory	-	-	-	-	
T B Colton	800,000	-	-	-	
A F Luscombe	-	-	-	800,000	

The following grants of share based payment compensation to key management personnel relate to the current financial year:

_		During the financial year				
			No.			% of compensation
			Vested and	% of grant	% of grant	for the year
Name	Options series	No. granted	exercisable	vested	forfeited	consisting of options
T B Colton	Issued 5 May 2008	800,000	-	-	-	43%

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted to the individuals in the above table is allocated equally over the period from grant date to vesting date, and the amount is included in the remuneration tables in this remuneration report. Fair values at grant date are determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and the expected price volatility of the underlying share and the risk free rate for the term of the option.

The model inputs for options granted during the year ended 30 June 2008 are as follows:

	Option series			
Inputs to the model	5 May 2008	5 May 2008		
Exercise price (cents)	40	35		
Grant date	5 May 2007	5 May 2007		
Expiry date	4 May 2012	4 May 2012		
Share price at grant date (cents)	33	33		
Expected volatility	89%	89%		
Risk-free interest rate	6.0%	6.0%		

The following table summarises the value of options granted during the annual reporting period to the identified Directors and executives:

	Value of options granted at the grant date (i)	Remuneration consisting of options
Name	\$	%
T B Colton	187.343	43

(i) The value of options granted during the period is recognised in compensation over the vesting period of the grant, in accordance with Australian accounting standards.

No share options or interest to Directors and executives were exercised or expired/lapsed during or since the end of the financial year.

Details of the options granted are as follows:

	Optio	Options granted				Value yet to vest	
	Number	Date	Vested	Forfeited	Financial years in which options may vest	Min \$	Max \$
D N Harley	2,000,000	1 Dec 2005	100%	-	2007	-	-
T B Colton	800,000	5 May 2007	-	-	2009	-	16,221
A F Luscombe	800,000	1 Dec 2005	100%	-	2007	-	-

#### Performance Income as a Proportion of Total Income

The Managing Director is to be paid performance based bonuses based on set monetary figures, rather than proportions of his salary. In the future, this may lead to the proportions of remuneration related to performance varying between individuals. The Remuneration Committee has set these bonuses to encourage achievement of specific goals that have been given a high level of importance in relation to the future growth and profitability of the Company.

Although the Managing Director has a cash bonus of \$100,000 payable on the date that the Company announces its formal decision to proceed with a mine development on the Coburn Project, no such decision has been made to date.

#### Key terms of employment contracts

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director are formalised in a service agreement. Major provisions of this agreement are set out below.

- Term of agreement 5 years commencing 1<sup>st</sup> April 2005.
- Base salary reviewed annually, currently \$275,000 per annum.
- Payment of termination benefit on early termination by the employer, other than for gross misconduct, equal to either six months salary or six months notice.
- 2,000,000 options to purchase fully paid shares granted on 1<sup>st</sup> December 2005, 1,000,000 at 30 cents and 1,000,000 at 35 cents, all of which expire on 30<sup>th</sup> November 2010. The options vested 18 months after the issue date on 1 June 2007.

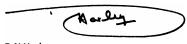
Remuneration and other terms of employment for executives are formalised in a letter of employment which provide for a base salary and where applicable statutory superannuation contributions. Notice periods and termination payments payable under these contracts vary as follows:

- T B Colton 1 month notice period and in the case of redundancy, a termination payment equal to three months annual salary.
- A F Luscombe 3 month notice period and failure to provide full notice by the Company will result in a termination payment of \$25,000.

In addition the executives hold share options issued as part of the share based payment arrangements.

This Directors' report is signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors made pursuant to s.298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors



D N Harley Managing Director

#### 22 September 2008 Perth, Western Australia

The information in this report that relates to exploration results, mineral resources and ore resources is based on information complied by Mr DN Harley, who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Harley has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Resources'. Mr Harley consents to the inclusion of the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.



BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street SUBIACO WA 6008 PO Box 700 WEST PERTH WA 6872 Phone 61 8 9380 8400 Fax 61 8 9380 8499 aa.perth@bdo.com.au www.bdo.com.au

ABN 79 112 284 787

22 September 2008

The Directors
Gunson resources Limited
Level 2
33 Richardson Street
WEST PERTH WA 6005

**Dear Sirs** 

### DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY BRAD MCVEIGH TO THE DIRECTORS OF GUNSON RESOURCES LIMITED

As lead auditor of Gunson Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Gunson Resources Limited during the period.

**BG McVeigh** Director

BDO Kendalls

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, Western Australia



BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street SUBIACO WA 6008 PO Box 700 WEST PERTH WA 6872 Phone 61 8 9380 8400 Fax 61 8 9380 8499 aa.perth@bdo.com.au www.bdo.com.au

ABN 79 112 284 787

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GUNSON RESOURCES LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Gunson Resources Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

#### **Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report**

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion the financial report of Gunson Resources Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:



- (a) the financial report of Gunson Resources Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

#### **Material Uncertainty Regarding Going Concern**

Without qualifying our audit opinion, we draw attention to the matters discussed in Note 1, the company will have to seek additional funding if it is to enter into the operational stage of production. If the company is unable to obtain this additional funding it may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether it will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities at the values carried in the balance sheet.

### Material Uncertainty Regarding Recoverability of Deferred Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Without qualifying our audit opinion, we draw attention to the matter disclosed in Note 11. There is uncertainty as to the recoverability of the deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure assets of Gunson Resources Limited. The recoverability of the deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure assets is dependant upon the successful development and commercialisation of the underlying areas of interest or their sale. This significant uncertainty may cast doubt about the company's ability to realise the asset at the values carried in the balance sheet.

#### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### **Auditor's Opinion**

BDO Kendalls

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Gunson Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**BDO Kendalls Audit and Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd** 

BG McVeigh Director

Dated this 22nd day of September 2008 Perth, Western Australia

#### Directors' declaration

The Directors declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the income statement, balance sheet, cash flow statement, statement of changes in equity, accompanying notes, are in accordance with the Corporation Act 201 and:
  - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulation 2001; and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- 2. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. The remuneration disclosures included on pages 5 to 8 of the Director's report (as part of the audited Remuneration Report), for the year ended 30 June 2008, comply with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.
- 4. The Directors have been given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Marely )

D N Harley Managing Director

22 September 2008 Perth, Western Australia

# Income statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

	Note	2008 \$	2007 \$
Continuing operations			
Revenue	5	58,515	98,028
Other income	5	172,542	73,977
Administration expenses		(738,367)	(1,167,985)
Depreciation expense		(12,177)	(14,130)
Exploration costs written off		-	(2,798)
Other expenses		(251,862)	(335,207)
Loss before income tax expense		(771,349)	(1,348,115)
Income tax benefit	7	365,650	279,194
Loss for the year		(405,699)	(1,068,921)
Loss per share			
Basic loss (cents per share)	16	(0.36)	(1.06)
Diluted loss (cents per share)	16	N/A	N/A

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# Balance sheet as at 30 June 2008

	Note	2008 \$	2007 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	19(a)	1,007,340	1,831,989
Trade and other receivables	8	364,951	217,578
Total current assets		1,372,291	2,049,567
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	17,225	29,402
Exploration, evaluation and development	11	20,437,695	18,464,733
Other assets	9	484,676	484,676
Total non-current assets		20,939,596	18,978,811
Total assets		22,311,887	21,028,378
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	349,374	431,297
Provisions	13	44,305	74,603
Total current liabilities		393,679	505,900
Total liabilities		393,679	505,900
Net assets		21,918,208	20,522,478
Equity			
Issued capital	14	25,423,173	23,792,866
Reserves	15	833,857	662,735
Accumulated losses		(4,338,822)	(3,933,123)
Total equity		21,918,208	20,522,478

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of changes in equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

	Fully paid ordinary shares (Contributed Equity) \$	Share based payment Reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2006	18,780,001	266,295	(2,864,202)	16,182,094
Loss for the period	-	-	(1,068,921)	(1,068,921)
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	(1,068,921)	(1,068,921)
Recognition of share-based payments	-	396,440	-	396,440
Issue of share capital	5,324,140	-	-	5,324,140
Share issue costs	(311,275)	-	-	(311,275)
Balance at 30 June 2007	23,792,866	662,735	(3,933,123)	20,522,478
Balance at 1 July 2007	23,792,866	662,735	(3,933,123)	20,522,478
Loss for the period		-	(405,699)	(405,699)
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	(405,699)	(405,699)
Recognition of share-based payments	-	171,122	-	171,122
Issue of shares	1,700,800	-	-	1,700,800
Share issue costs	(70,493)	-	-	(70,493)
Balance at 30 June 2008	25,423,173	833,857	(4,338,822)	21,918,208

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# Cash flow statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

		2008	2007
	Note	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(2,304,430)	(4,479,545)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(737,733)	(1,210,872)
Interest received		58,515	98,027
Other income		165,031	65,879
Research an development tax refund received		365,650	279,194
Export and marketing development grant received		7,511	8,098
Net cash used in operating activities	19(d)	(2,445,456)	(5,239,219)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(8,930)
Net cash used in investing activities		-	(8,930)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issues of shares		1,691,300	5,324,140
Payment for share issue costs		(70,493)	(311,275)
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,620,807	5,012,865
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(824,649)	(235,284)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		1,831,989	2,067,273
· ·			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	19(a)	1,007,340	1,831,989

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

#### 1. General information

Gunson Resources Limited (the Company) is a public Company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange trading under the symbol "GUN", incorporated in Australia and operating in Australia.

Gunson Resources Limited's registered office and its principal place of business are as follows:

#### Registered office and Principal place of business

Level 2

33 Richardson Street

West Perth WA 6005

The entity's principal activities are exploration for and evaluation of economic mineral deposits in Australia.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations, and complies with other requirements of the law. Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ('A-IFRS'). Compliance with A-IFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes of the Company comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 22 September 2008.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

#### Going concern

The Company has incurred a net loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2008 of \$405,699 (2007: \$1,068,921) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$2,445,456 (2007: \$5,239,219). As at 30 June 2008, the Company had net current assets of \$978,612 (2007: \$1,543,667).

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis of going concern, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern will be dependent on the ability to raise further funds as required to facilitate the ongoing exploration of its various tenement holdings.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects the current and future periods.

Refer to Note 3 for a discussion of critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

#### **Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards**

#### Changes in accounting policy on initial application of Accounting Standards

In the current year, the Company has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting period.

The adoption of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations has resulted in changes to the Company's accounting policies in the following areas:

- AASB 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures';
- AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements' revised standard (October 2006);
- AASB 1048 'Interpretation and Application of Standards' revised standard (September 2007);
- Interpretation 8 'Scope of AASB2';
- Interpretation 9 'Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives'; and
- Interpretation 10 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

The adoption of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations have not affected the amounts reported for the current or prior years, but have changed the disclosures made in the financial statements of the Company.

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

- AASB 8 'Operating Segments' and AASB 2007-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8'
- AASB 101 '(revised September 2007) 'presentation of Financial Statements' and AASB 2007-8 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101' and AASB 2007-10 'Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101'
- AASB 123 'Borrowing Costs' revised Standard and AASB 2007-6 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123'
- AASB Interpretation 12 'Service Concession Arrangements'
- AASB Interpretation 14 'AASB 119 the Limit on a Defined benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction'
- AASB Interpretation 13 'Customer Loyalty Programme'
- AASB 2008-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations arising on Liquidation'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009,

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008.

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008,

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008,

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009,

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material financial impact on the financial statements of the Company.

The potential effect of the initial application of the expected issue of an Australian equivalent accounting standards to the following Standard has not yet been determined:

Consolidated Financial Statements'

AASB 3 'Business Combinations' and IAS 27 'Separate and Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009.

These Standards and Interpretations will be first applied in the financial report of the Company that relates to the annual reporting period beginning after the effective date of each pronouncement.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial report:

#### Exploration, Evaluation and Development Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development or sale of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the productive life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves. Any costs of site restoration are provided for during the relevant production stages and included in the costs of that stage.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is measured on a cost basis. The carrying value is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount of these assets.

#### Depreciation

Items of plant and equipment are depreciated using either the straight line or diminishing value method over their estimated useful lives to the Company. The depreciation rates used for each class of asset for the current period are as follows:

Plant & equipment

7% - 40%

Assets are depreciated from the date the asset is ready for use. Depreciation costs are capitalised to Exploration and Evaluation where the assets are used exclusively for such activities.

#### (c) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Company makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value less costs to sell and it does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### (d) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised costs using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade and other receivables are generally due for settlement within 30-60 days.

#### (e) Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses and the effect on tax concessions (research and development rebate).

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised. A deferred income tax asset is not recognised where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted at the balance date. Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the income statement.

#### (f) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable or payable is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable or payable are classified as operating cash flows.

#### (g) Employee Benefits

Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other creditors (see note 12) in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

#### Long service leave

The liability for long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is in accordance with the above. The liability for long service leave expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### (h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes deposits at call which are readily convertible to cash on hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day to day basis, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (i) Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Deferred cash settlements are recognised at the present value of the outstanding consideration payable on the acquisition of an asset discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability.

#### (j) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

*Interest* - Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues using the effective interest rate method. This is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### (k) Share based payments

The Company may provide benefits to employees (including Directors) in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for rights over shares ("equity settled transactions").

The cost of these equity settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date they are granted. The value is determined using a Black-Scholes model. The cost of equity settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("vesting date").

The cumulative expense recognised for equity settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors, will ultimately vest.

No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

#### (I) Share Capital

Ordinary share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction in share proceeds received.

#### (m) Leases

Leases are classified at their inception as either operating or finance leases based on the economic substance of the agreement so as to reflect the risks and benefits incidental to ownership.

**Operating leases** - The minimum lease payments of operating leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis.

#### (n) Earnings per Share

**Basic earnings per share** - Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net profit/(loss) after income tax attributable to members of the Company, excluding any costs of service equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

**Diluted earnings per share** - Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figure used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financial costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### (o) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

### 3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty Significant accounting judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

<u>Capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure</u> - Under AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Company has the option to either expense exploration and evaluation expenditure as incurred, or to capitalise such expenditure provided that certain conditions are satisfied. The Company's policy is closer to the latter, as outlined in note 2(a).

#### Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

Impairment of property, plant and equipment - Property, plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the higher of 'value in use' (being the net present value of expected future cash flows of the relevant cash generating unit) and 'fair value less costs to sell'.

In determining value in use, future cash flows are based on:

- Estimates of the quantities of ore reserves and mineral resources for which there is a high degree of confidence of economic extraction;
- Future production levels;
- Future commodity prices; and
- Future cash costs of production and capital expenditure.

Variations to the expected future cash flows, and the timing thereof, could result in significant changes to any impairment losses recognised, if any, which could in turn impact future financial results.

<u>Share-based payment transactions</u> - The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with Directors and employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black Scholes model using the assumptions detailed in note 21.

#### 4. Segment information

The Company operates in the mineral exploration industry in Australia only.

#### 5. Revenue

An analysis of the Company's revenue for the year, from continuing operations, is as follows:

	2008	2007
Interest revenue	58,515	98,028
Other income		
Joint venture management fees	163,532	56,052
Rebates and other income	1,499	9,827
Export marketing development grant	7,511	8,098
	172,542	73,977
6. Loss for the year		
(b) Other expenses		
Loss for the year includes the following expenses:		
Depreciation of non-current assets	12,177	14,130
Operating lease rental expenses:		
Minimum lease payments	118,161	119,839
Employee benefit expense:	30,252	28,228
Post employment benefits Share-based payments	171,122	396,440
Other employee benefits	301,095	330,789
Other employee benefits	502,469	755,457
7. Income taxes Income tax recognised in profit or loss Tax expense/(benefit) comprises: Current tax benefit	(365,650)	(279,194)
Total tax benefit reported in the income statement	(365,650)	(279,194)
The prima facie income tax expense benefit on pre-tax accounting profit from operations reconciles to the income tax expense in the financial statements as follows:		
Loss from operations	(771,349)	(1,348,115)
Income tax expense calculated at 30%	(231,405)	(404,435)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	55,467	43,808
Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets	880,643	1,044,586
Effect of deductible capitalised expenditure	(704,705)	(683,959)
Effect of tax concessions (research and development offset)	(365,650)	(279,194)
	(365,650)	(279,194)
The tax rate used in the above reconciliation is the corporate tax rate of 30% payable by Australian corporate entities on taxable profits under Australian tax law. There has been no change in the corporate tax rate when compared with the previous reporting period.		
The following deferred tax assets have not been brought to account as assets:		
Tax losses	5,903,072	5,022,430
Temporary differences	55,323	64,412
Temporary differences arising from exploration activities	(5,359,229)	(4,767,349)
	599,166	319,493

It is considered that it is not probable that the Company will utilise all its carry forward tax losses in the near future, hence is not expected to pay tax in the foreseeable future. The deferred tax balances noted above have therefore not been accounted for in the balance sheet.

8. Trade and other receivables		
o. Trade and other receivables	2008	2007
	\$	\$
Goods and services tax recoverable	31,920	95,095
Other receivables	269,315	122,483
	301,235	217,578
Prepayments	63,716	<u> </u>
,	364,951	217,578
Other receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due.		
9. Other assets		
<u>Non-current</u>		
Pastoral lease-Coburn Station	484,676	484,676
10. Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment - gross carrying amount		
Balance at beginning of the financial year  Additions	130,760	121,830 8,930
Balance at end of the financial year	130,760	130,760
Disable and assistance to a constructed decreasistics		
Plant and equipment - accumulated depreciation	104 350	07.330
Balance at beginning of the financial year	101,358	87,228
Depreciation expense	12,177 113,535	14,130
Balance at end of the financial year  Net book value		101,358
Net book value	17,225	29,402
The following depreciation rates used in the calculation of depreciation: Plant and equipment 7% - 40%		
Aggregate depreciation allocated, whether recognised as an expense or capitalised as part of the carrying amount of other assets during the year:		
Plant and equipment	12,177	14,130
The state of the s	,	,
11. Exploration, evaluation and development		
Carried forward expenditure	18,464,733	14,340,217
Capitalised during the year	1,972,962	4,127,314
Expenditure written off		(2,798)
	20,437,695	18,464,733
The ultimate recoupment of costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective mining tenements.		
12. Trade and other navables		
12. Trade and other payables  Trade payables	90,779	271,471
Other creditors and accruals	258,595	159,826
Care a care a direction	349,374	431,297
Accounts payable are all payable in Australian dollars and non interest bearing and normally settled on 30 day terms.		.02)237
13. Provisions		
<u>Current</u>		
Employee benefits	44,305	74,603

The current provision for employee benefits represents annual leave provision.

#### 14. Issued capital

 2008
 2007

 \$
 \$

 119,662,252 fully paid ordinary shares (2007: 108,701,416)
 25,423,173
 23,792,866

Changes to the then Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefore, the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and issued shares do not have a par value.

	2008		20	007
	No.	\$	No.	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	108,701,416	23,792,866	89,289,786	18,780,001
Balance at beginning of financial year				
Pro rata 1 for 10 non-renounceable entitlement issued				
at 20 cents per share on 21 December 2007	2,390,549	478,110	-	-
Shares issued at 20 cents per share in consideration of				
professional services on 11 February 2008	47,500	9,500	-	-
Share placement issued at 14 cents per share on 6 May				
2008	6,522,787	913,190	-	-
Share placement issued at 15 cents per share on 3 June				
2008	2,000,000	300,000	-	-
Share placement issued at 28 cents per share on 8				
September 2006	-	-	8,300,000	2,324,000
Share placement issued at 27 cents per share on 5				
February 2007	-	-	11,111,630	3,000,140
Share issue costs		(70,493)		(311,275)
Balance at end of financial year	119,662,252	25,423,173	108,701,416	23,792,866

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends.

#### Share options on issue

Share-based payments reserve

Share options issued by the Company carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights.

As at 30 June 2008, the Company has 4,400,000 share options on issue (2007: 3,700,000) exercisable on a 1:1 basis for 4,400,000 shares (2007: 3,700,000) at various exercise prices. During the year no options were converted into shares (2007: nil) and 100,000 options expired (2007: nil). Further details of options granted to Directors and employees are contained in note 21 to the financial statements.

Details of unissued shares or interest under options at year end are:

	Number of		Exercise price	
Issuing entity	shares under option	Class of shares	of option	Expiry date of options
Gunson Resources Limited	1,800,000	Ordinary	30 cents each	30 November 2010
Gunson Resources Limited	1,800,000	Ordinary	35 cents each	30 November 2010
Gunson Resources Limited	400,000	Ordinary	35 cents each	4 May 2012
Gunson Resources Limited	400,000	Ordinary	40 cents each	4 May 2012
_	4,400,000			
15. Reserves				
			200	8 2007

The equity-settled employee benefits reserve arises on the grant of share options to executives, employees, consultants and advisors. Amounts are transferred out of the reserve and into issued capital when the options are exercised. Further information about share-based payments to employees is made in note 21 to the financial statements.

662,735

833,857

16. Loss per share		
	2008 Cents per share	2007 Cents per share
Basic loss per share	(0.36)	(1.06)
Basic loss per share The loss and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic loss per share are as follows:		
	2008 \$	2007 \$
Net loss	(405,699)	(1,068,921)
	2008 No.	2007 No.
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic loss per share	111,107,960	100,412,214

#### Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share has not been calculated as the Company's potential ordinary shares are not considered dilutive and do not increase loss per share.

17. Commitments for expenditure		
	2008	2007
	\$	\$
(a) Leasing commitments		
Leasing arrangements for the rental of office space		
expiring August 2010 with an option to extend for a		
further five years		
Not longer than 1 year	99,200	150,000
Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years	115,800	325,000
Longer than 5 years		-
	215,000	475,000
(b) Exploration expenditure on granted tenements		
Not longer than 1 year	1,330,500	1,325,500
Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years	5,322,000	5,302,000
Longer than 5 years	-	-
	6,652,500	6,627,500

In order to retain the rights of tenure to its granted tenements, the Company is required to meet the minimum statutory expenditure requirements but may reduce these at any time by reducing the size of the tenements. The figures quoted above assume that no new tenements are granted and that only compulsory statutory area reductions are made.

#### 18. Contingent liabilities

The Company has established a \$49,000 bank guarantee in favour of the Minister for State Development in Western Australia. The expiry date of the guarantee is 26 December 2008 and it is backed by a \$49,000 term deposit with the National Australia Bank.

The Company has been notified by the Western Australian Department of Industry and Resources of a breach of tenement conditions due to ground disturbing activities. The possible actions available to the Minister are the forfeiture of the mining tenements concerned, imposition of a fine, or impose no penalty of which the Department has recommended a fine of \$43,500. The Directors believe that the claim can successfully be defended and therefore no fine will be imposed. The matter is expected to be settled by the end of 2008.

The Directors are not aware of any other contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2008.

#### 19. Notes to the cash flow statement

#### (a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

	2008	2007	
	\$	\$	
ank	1,007,340	1,831,989	

#### (b) Non-cash financing and investing activities

On 11 February 2008, the Company issued 47,500 fully paid ordinary shares in consideration of professional services. The fair value of these shares was \$9,500 and have been included as part of share capital for the year (refer note 14).

#### (c) Financing facilities

As at 30 June 2008 the Company had no financing facilities available.

(d) Reconciliation of loss for the period to net cash flows from operating activities

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Loss for the year	(405,699)	(1,068,921)
Non-cash items		
Depreciation	12,177	14,130
Exploration costs written off	-	2,798
Equity-settled share-based payment	180,622	396,440
Changes in net assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in assets:		
Trade and other receivables	16,139	47,371
Exploration, evaluation and development costs capitalised	(2,304,431)	(4,479,545)
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	86,034	(174,395)
Provisions	(30,298)	22,903
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,445,456)	(5,239,219)

#### 20. Financial instruments

#### Overview

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Interest rate risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this note and the financial report.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

#### 20. Financial instruments (contd)

#### Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables due from sub-tenants. There were no non accrual debtors or debtors in arrears.

The Company's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral/security bond where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

#### Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Liquidity risk management is the responsibility of the Board of Directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, identifying when further capital raising initiatives are required.

#### Liquidity and interest risk tables

The remaining contractual maturity for the non-derivative financial liabilities of the Company are shown in the table below. These are based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month S	1-3 months	3-12 months \$	1 year to 5 years \$	5+ years	Total \$
2008							
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other							
payables	-	187,421	34,325	127,628	-	-	349,374
		187,421	34,325	127,628	-	-	349,374
2007							
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other							
payables	-	322,276	92,021	15,000	-	-	431,297
		322,276	92,021	15,000	-	-	431,297

The remaining contractual maturity for the non-derivative financial assets of the Company are shown in the table below. These are based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Company anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 month \$	1-3 months	3-12 months \$	1 year to 5 years \$	5+ years	Total \$
2008	/0	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Υ	, Y
Financial assets							
Trade and other							
receivables	-	30,496	31,920	238,819	-	-	301,235
		30,496	31,920	238,819	-	-	301,235
2007							
Financial assets							
Trade and other							
receivables	-	663	95,095	121,820	-	-	217,578
		663	95,095	121,820	-	-	217,578

#### 20. Financial instruments (contd)

#### Market risk management

As the Company is still in the exploration phase and does not sell a commodity, market risk, which is the risk that changes in market prices will affect the Company's income does not currently apply. However, it is recognised that when production commences the prices of mineral sands, in particular zircon may affect the Company.

#### Interest rate risk management

The Company places funds on high interest bearing terms so as to maximise the benefit of a cash positive position. Although some of the Company's assets are subject to interest rate risk, it is not dependent on this income. Interest income is only incidental to the Company's operations and operating cashflows.

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk associated with borrowed funds.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk is shown in the table below:

_	Weighted			F						
	average effective interest rate %	Variable interest rate \$	Less than 1 year \$	1-2 years \$	2-3 years \$	3-4 years \$	4-5 years \$	5+ years \$	Non interest bearing \$	Total \$
2008									<u> </u>	
Financial assets										
Cash and cash										
equivalents	5.8%	1,007,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,007,340
Trade receivables										
and other										
receivables	5.8%		49,000	-	-	-		-	315,951	364,951
		1,007,340	49,000	-		-		-	315,951	1,372,291
Financial liabilities										
Trade payables and										
other payables	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	349,374	349,374
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349,374	349,374
2007										
Financial assets										
Cash and cash										
equivalents	5.0%	1,831,989	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,831,989
Trade receivables and other										
receivables	5.0%		49,000						168,578	217,578
receivables	3.0%	1,831,989	49,000						168,578	2,049,567
		1,031,303	43,000		-				100,376	2,043,307
Financial liabilities										
Trade payables and										
other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	431,297	431,297
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	431,297	431,297

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses of the Company's exposure to interest rate risk at the reporting date has been determined based on the change of 50 basis points in interest rates taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the year.

At reporting dated, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher and all other variables were constant, the Company's net loss would have decreased by \$7,343 (2007: \$9,983). Where interest rates decreased, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

#### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements represents their respective net fair values, determined in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in note 2.

#### 21. Share-based payments

Share based payments are granted at the discretion of the Board to align the interests of shareholders and the executive Director and other staff and key consultants.

Each option issued converts into one ordinary share of Gunson Resources Limited on exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. Options neither carry rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

#### Share based payment arrangements in existence during period

The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and comparative reporting periods:

Options series	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price \$	Fair value at grant date \$
Issued 16 December 2002	100,000	16 Dec 2002	16 Dec 2007	0.20	(i)
Issued 1 December 2005 (ii)	1,800,000	1 Dec 2005	30 Nov 2010	0.30	0.18
Issued 1 December 2005 (ii)	1,800,000	1 Dec 2005	30 Nov 2010	0.35	0.18
Issued 5 May 2008 (iii)	400,000	5 May 2007	4 May 2012	0.35	0.24
Issued 5 May 2008 (iii)	400,000	5 May 2007	4 May 2012	0.40	0.23

- (i) Fair value is not applicable as the share based payments vested prior to 1 January 2005 and are accounted for under AGAAP.
- (ii) In accordance with the terms of the share based arrangement, the options issued vested on 1 December 2006 and 1 June 2007.
- (iii) In accordance with the terms of the share based arrangement, the options issued will vest on 9 August 2008.

The fair value of the share options granted during the financial year is \$187,382 (2008: \$nil). Options were priced using a Black Scholes pricing model. Expected volatility is based on the movement of the underlying share price around its average share price over the expected term of the option. The Directors have determined the expected period of exercise to be similar to the option life based on historical experience.

	Option series			
Inputs to the model	5 May 2008	5 May 2008		
Grant date share price (cents)	33	33		
Exercise price (cents)	40	35		
Expected volatility	89%	89%		
Option life	4 years	4 years		
Dividend yield	-	-		
Risk-free interest rate	6.0%	6.0%		

	2	008	2007		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	
Balance at beginning of the financial year	3,700,000	0.32	3,700,000	0.32	
Granted during the financial year	800,000	0.37	-	-	
Forfeited during the financial year	-	-	-	-	
Exercised during the financial year (i)	-	-	-	-	
Expired during the financial year	(100,000)	0.20	-	-	
Balance at end of the financial year (ii)	4,400,000	0.33	3,700,000	0.32	
Exercisable at end of the financial year	3,600,000	0.33	3,700,000	0.32	

#### (i) Exercised during the financial year

No share options were exercised during the financial year.

#### (ii) Balance at end of the financial year

The share options outstanding at the end of the financial year had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.68 years (2007: 3.33 years).

#### **Expenses arising from share-based transactions**

Total expense arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the period were as follows:

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Options issued	171,122	396,440
Shares issued in consideration of professional services	9,500	_
	180,622	396,440

#### 22. Related party transactions

#### (a) Transactions with key management personnel

#### i. Key management personnel compensation

The aggregate compensation of the key management personnel of the Company is set out below:

, and the property of the second of the property of the proper	2008	2007 \$
Short term employee benefits	729,230	345,000
Post employment benefits	49,950	31,050
Share based payments	171,122	220,244
	950,302	596,294

#### ii. Loans to key management personnel

There were no loans to key management personnel during the period.

#### iii. Key management personnel equity holdings

Fully paid ordinary shares

	Balance at 1 July No.	Balance on appointment/ (resignation) No.	Granted as compensation No.	Received on exercise of options No.	Net other change No.	Balance at 30 June No.
2008						
W H Cunningham	244,230	-	-	-	24,423	268,653
D N Harley	2,000,000	-	-	-	500,000	2,500,000
P C Harley	261,230	-	-	-	26,123	287,353
A F Luscombe	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000
T B Colton		-	-	-	-	-
	2,655,460	-	-	-	550,546	3,206,006
2007						
W H Cunningham	244,230	-	-	-	-	244,230
D N Harley	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
P C Harley	261,230	-	-	-	-	261,230
	2,505,460	-	-	-	-	2,505,460

#### Share options

	Balance at 1 July No.	Balance on appointment No.	Granted as compensation	Exercised No.	Net other change No.	Balance on resignation No.	Balance at 30 June No.	Vested during year No.	Vested and exercisable at 30 June No.
2008									
W H Cunningham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D N Harley	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
P C Harley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A F Luscombe	800,000	-	-	-	-	-	800,000	-	800,000
T B Colton	-	-	800,000	-	-	-	800,000	-	-
	2,800,000	-	800,000	-	-	-	3,600,000		2,800,000
2007									
W H Cunningham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D N Harley	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
P C Harley		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000

#### iv. Other transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions or balances with key management personnel other than those disclosed in the Remuneration Report which forms part of the Directors' Report and has been audited.

#### 23. Remuneration of auditors

		Company		
	20	008 2007		
	<u></u> !	\$ \$		
Auditor of the parent entity				
Audit or review of the financial report	2	28,529 22,2	202	

The auditor of Gunson Resources Limited is BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd.

#### 24. Subsequent events

There has not been any matter or circumstance, other than that referred to in the financial statements or notes thereto, that has arisen since the end of the financial year, that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.